Sample Lesson #3: Expressions Relating to Vegetables

As part of a science/health unit, various food groups are often targeted. This lesson targets expressions relating to vegetables.

- 1. Ask the students to select three focus words relating to vegetables or salad dishes and to complete Worksheet 3-1 using these focus words.
- 2. Write "Expressions that have focus words related to vegetables" on the board. Make a list of expressions and discuss their meanings.

BEAN

Use your bean because I know you can find the answer. (think)

BEANS

All the talk <u>doesn't add up to a hill of beans</u>. (is unimportant; is worthless) Her support <u>doesn't amount to a hill of beans</u>. (is unimportant; is worthless) I'm not listening because you're <u>full of beans</u>. (not being truthful; bragging; not knowledgeable) Don't worry because the gossip is <u>not worth a hill of beans</u>. (unimportant; worthless) Try not to <u>spill the beans</u> about the surprise party. (tell the secret)

CARROT

The boss is dangling a carrot in front of them. (offering something extra to persuade)

CORN

That test was a <u>can of corn</u>. (very easy task) That's a <u>corn ball</u> idea, so think of something else to do. (silly) Kansas and Nebraska are in the <u>corn belt</u>. (area where a lot of corn is grown) That comedian is <u>a real corn ball</u>. (person who is very silly)

CUCUMBER

She's <u>as cool as a cucumber</u>. (very calm and controlled)

OLIVE

They finally did <u>offer an olive branch</u>. (try to stop fighting and make peace) Someone should <u>throw him an olive branch</u>. (offer peace)

PEA

We were trying to drive through the <u>pea soup</u>, but we had to stop. (heavy, thick fog)

PEAS

They're <u>like two peas in a pod</u>. (very similar; the same)

PICKLE

He is <u>in a pickle</u>. (having a problem) He's in <u>a pretty pickle</u>. (trouble)

POTATO

He is a <u>couch potato</u>. (person who does not exercise and watches a lot of television) She should <u>drop it like a hot potato</u>. (stop because it is too troublesome) Smoking in schools has become a <u>hot potato</u>. (controversial problem; problem that causes arguments)

POTATOES

He's a <u>meat and potatoes</u> guy that works hard every day. (basic and uncomplicated) He is <u>small potatoes</u>. (not important)

- 3. Provide students with a list of focus words related to vegetables.
- 4. Ask the students to write five focus words at the top of the worksheet and to find each entry in *The Expressionary*. The student should then complete the worksheet.
- 5. Collect the worksheets. Write sentences on the board that contain the expressions.
- 6. Point out that the meaning of the expression (mnm) can replace the underlined expression in the sentence.
- 7. Discuss expressions that have similar meanings even though they are slightly different:

All the talk <u>doesn't add up to a hill of beans</u>. (is unimportant; is worthless) Her support <u>doesn't amount to a hill of beans</u>. (is unimportant; is worthless) Don't worry because the gossip is <u>not worth a hill of beans</u>. (mnm: unimportant; worthless)

He is <u>in a pickle</u>. (having a problen) He's in <u>a pretty pickle</u>. (trouble)

8. Discuss expressions that have more than one meaning.

She should <u>drop it like a hot potato</u>. (stop because it is too troublesome) Smoking in schools has become a <u>hot potato</u>. (controversial problem; problem that causes arguments)

- 9. Inform students that many expressions containing words related to vegetables have nothing to do with vegetables or meals.
- 10. Ask students to complete Worksheet 3-2. The student's task is to write down the meaning of each expression and use it in the sentence. *The Expressionary* may be used to look up words.
- 11 Ask students to complete the matching activity on Worksheet 3-3. The student's task is to match each of the listed expressions with the "best meaning" from the choices provided.